## USING BASIC OPERATIONS ON SETS

## Model Problem:

It is necessary to know the symbols for union and intersection and the definitions of each.
Set intersection $(A \cap B)$ is the set of elements that each of the sets defined have in common.
Set union $(A \cup B)$ is the set of elements that are contained in one or both of the sets.
Set complement $(\bar{A})$ or (A') is the set of elements that are in a universal set (U) but not in the specific set.
Given $\mathrm{U}=\{$ whole numbers $<10\} \mathrm{A}=\{1,2,3\}$ and $\mathrm{B}=\{3,4,5\}$ :
$A \cup B=\{1,2,3,4,5\}, A \cap B=\{3\} ; A^{\prime}=\{0,4,5,6,7,8,9\}$

## Practice Exercises:

1. Given $U=\{$ natural numbers $\}, A=\{1,3,5,7\} \quad B=\{2,3,4,5\} \quad C=\{1,4,5\}$ :
find:
a) $A \cup B$
b) $(A \cup B) \cup C$
2. Given $\mathrm{U}=\{\mathrm{x} \mid \mathrm{x}$ is a whole number $<10\}, \mathrm{A}=\{1,2,3,4,5\} \quad \mathrm{B}=\{1,3,5\}$
find:
a) $A^{\prime}$
b) $B^{\prime}$
c) $(A \cap B)^{\prime}$
3. Given $U=\{x \mid x$ is a whole number $\}, A=\{x \mid x$ is a natural number and $x>5\}, B=\{x \mid x$ is a whole number $<15\}$ and $C=\{0,2,4,6,8, \ldots\}$, find:
a) $A \cup B$
b) $A \cup C$
c) $A \cap C$
d) $A \cap B$
e) $(A \bigcup B)^{\prime}$
f) $(A \cap C)^{\prime}$
4. Given $U=\{$ letters in the English alphabet $\}, A=\{a, e, i, o, u\}$ and $B=\{x \mid x$ is a consonant in the English alphabet \}, find
a) $A \cup B$
b) $A \cap B$
c) $(A \cup B)^{\prime}$
d) $(A \cap B)^{\prime}$

## Answers:

1. 

a) $\{1,2,3,4,5,7\} \quad$ b) $\{1,2,3,4,5,7\}$
2.
a) $\{0,6,7,8,9\}$
b) $\{0,2,4,6,7,8,9\}$
c) $\{0,2,4,6,7,8,9\}$
3. a) $\{0,1,2,3, \ldots\}$
b) $\{0,2,4,6,7,8, \ldots\}$
c) $\{6,8,10, \ldots\}$
d) $\{6,7,8,9,10, \ldots, 14\}$
e) $\}$
f) $\{0,1,2,3,4,5,7,9,11,13, \ldots\}$
4.
a) $\{a, b, c, \ldots x, y, z\}$
b) $\}$
c) $\}$
d) $\{\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}, \ldots, \mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z}\}$

