## ALGEBRA PROBLEM SESSION \#10 SOLUTIONS

## Rational Exponents

1. If $a \geq 0$ then $a^{\frac{1}{n}}$ is a real number. Also if $a<0$ and $n$ is odd then $a^{\frac{1}{n}}$ is a real number.
2. Yes, $16^{\frac{2}{4}}=16^{\frac{1}{2}}$.
3. An expression with a mixed-number exponent can be simplified by first changing the mixed-number exponent into an improper fraction and then applying the rules for rational exponents. For example, what is $8^{1 \frac{1}{3}}=8^{\frac{4}{3}}=(\sqrt[3]{8})^{4}=$ $2^{4}=16$
4. If either $a$ or $b$ or both is equal to 0 then $\sqrt{a+b}=\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}$
5. 

(a) $a^{4 / 3}-b^{4 / 3}$
(b) $3|x| \sqrt{|y|}$
6. (a) -4
(b) $\sqrt[5]{3 x y^{4}}$
7. (a) $(13 x)^{1 / 5}$
(b) $(11 x y)^{3 / 2}$
8. (a) $\frac{1}{243}$
(b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt[7]{256}(x y)^{4 / 7}}$
9.
(a) $x^{2 / 7}$
(b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt[8]{y}}$
(c) $\quad x^{7} y^{7}$
(d) $\sqrt{\left|x y^{3}\right|}$
(e) $\sqrt[12]{x}$
10. An expression with rational exponents is simplified when no parentheses appear, no powers are raised to powers, each base occurs once, and no negative or zero exponents appear.

## Multiplying and Simplifying Radical Expressions

1. 

(a) $29 \sqrt{2} x$
(b) $13 \sqrt[3]{2}$
2.
(a) $\sqrt{x^{2}-36}$
(b) $\sqrt{x}$
(c) $\quad 2 \sqrt{6}\left|x^{5}\right| \sqrt{\mathrm{x}}$
(d) $2 x y \sqrt[5]{2 y^{2} z}$
3.
(a) $2 \sqrt{7}$
(b) $-2 y \sqrt[3]{4 x^{2}}$
(c) $x y^{5} \sqrt[3]{y^{2} z^{2}}$
(d) $\quad y^{3} \sqrt[5]{y^{3}}$

Adding, Subtracting, and Dividing Radical Expressions
1.
(a) $-6 x \sqrt[4]{2 x}$
(b) $29 x \sqrt{2}$
2. The streets are $\sqrt{15} \approx 3.87$ feet wide.
4.
(a) $5 \sqrt[3]{7}$
(b) $2 \sqrt{17}-\sqrt{19}$
(c) $7 y \sqrt[3]{2 x}$
(d) $3 \sqrt{x-3}$
5. (a) $\frac{x \sqrt[3]{x^{2}}}{5 y}$
(b) $\frac{2 x^{2} \sqrt[5]{2 x^{4}}}{y^{3}}$
6.
(a) 3
(b) $5 x^{2} \sqrt{2}$
(c) $\frac{5 \sqrt{x y}}{2}$
7. The perimeter of the rectangle is $24 \sqrt{5}$ feet. and the area of the rectangle is 160 square feet.

## Multiplying and Rationalizing Denominator

1. $\mathbf{1 2}+4 \sqrt{2}$

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2. $2^{4 / 5}=\sqrt[5]{2^{4}}=\sqrt[5]{16}$
3. $24-6 \sqrt{3}$
4. $25-2 \sqrt{5}$
5. $\frac{5 \sqrt[3]{2 x}}{x}$
6. 30
7. $-\frac{5 a \sqrt{6 a b}}{b^{3}}$
8. $3 \sqrt{6}-3$
9. $2+\frac{3}{2} \sqrt{6}$
10. $\frac{y+6 \sqrt{x y+9 x}}{y-9 x}$
