

## SOLVING LINEAR EQUATIONS

- \* Recall that whatever operation is performed on one side of the equation must also be performed on the other.
- \* Remember that when an equation involves fractions you can multiply both sides of the equation by the least common denominator and proceed as usual.

### Model Problems:

Solve:

$$\begin{aligned} 1. \quad 8x + 7 &= 55 \\ -7 &= -7 \\ 8x &= 48 \\ \frac{8x}{8} &= \frac{48}{8} \\ x &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2. \quad 3y + 1 &= \frac{y + 17}{2} \\ 6y + 2 &= y + 17 \\ -y &= -y \\ 5y + 2 &= 17 \\ -2 \quad -2 & \\ 5y &= 15 \\ \frac{5y}{5} &= \frac{15}{5} \\ y &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3. \quad 9m - 4(2m - 3) &= 11 \\ 9m - 8m + 12 &= 11 \\ m + 12 &= 11 \\ -12 &= -12 \\ m &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

### Practice Exercises:

Solve:

- $3x + 1 = 10$
- $12x + 30 = -6$
- $8 - 3t = 2$
- $15 - 3y = 15$
- $2x - 5 = -11$
- $6a + 5 = 9$
- $-8x + 3 = -29$
- $4 = 2 - 3c$
- $\frac{1}{3}x + 1 = 7$
- $\frac{y}{5} - 3 = 1$
- $6d - 2 = 7d + 5$
- $6y - 1 = 2y + 4$
- $-9x = 32$
- $7 + y = -2$
- $x - (-11) = 7$
- $12 = 2x + 3$
- $5 = 2y - 81$
- $\frac{x}{3} + 6 = -12$
- $\frac{-2}{3}d = 18$
- $\frac{x}{2} = -14$
- $x - (-3) = -3$
- $y + 11 = -13$
- $9x + 2 = -11$
- $8 - n = 12$
- $6x - 10 - 4x = 7 - 2x$

**Answers:**

1.  $x = 3$

2.  $x = -3$

3.  $t = 2$

4.  $y = 0$

5.  $x = -3$

6.  $a = \frac{2}{3}$

7.  $x = 4$

8.  $c = -\frac{2}{3}$

9.  $x = 18$

10.  $y = 20$

11.  $d = -7$

12.  $y = \frac{5}{4}$

13.  $x = -3\frac{5}{9}$

14.  $y = -9$

15.  $x = -4$

16.  $x = 4\frac{1}{2}$

17.  $y = 43$

18.  $x = -54$

19.  $d = -27$

20.  $x = -28$

21.  $x = -6$

22.  $y = -24$

23.  $x = \frac{-13}{9}$

24.  $n = -4$

25.  $n = \frac{17}{4}$

